

Martin Lohse

Koncert

for oboe and accordion

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for oboe/english horn and accordion

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composed in 2001/2021

Info and questions

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Preface

Short biography

Martin Lohse began his education at the Musical Science Institute in Copenhagen (1990–92). In 1995 he was admitted to the Royal Danish Academy of Music, Copenhagen, where he studied composition and music theory as a pupil of Hans Abrahamsen and Niels Rosing-Schow. In 2000 he started a postgraduate course in composition and in 2004 he had his debut from the Royal Academy of Music.

In 2003, he received the 3-year Grant from The Danish Arts Foundation. Besides composing acoustic and electro acoustic music, he does abstract paintings – usually with a clash of disintegration and pure and clear colours.

Music

In my music, I try to encircle small musical moments and atmospheres, which can timeless progress and unfold. The collocation and collision of a “pure” and clear music with a disintegrated and multi-layered music is one of the main characteristic of my music. In the heart, the music often emanate a harmonic and melodic reminiscence of past experiences in glints or longer periods which combined with a floating sensation (accelerando, decelerando etc.) creates a music with the organic form as one of its main foundations.

— Martin Lohse: www.martinlohse.com

Romantic and, to some extent, Baroque music are key elements in the music of Martin Lohse. *Smoke, Koncert, 8 Momenti Mobile...* and *In remembrance...* all have a reminiscence of the romantic style: Small motives and longer themes within a gliding tonality, mixed with a floating sensation of times, sometimes with long and continues accelerandos or decelerandos and at other times with tempos slowly departing from each other. The Baroque style is clear in a piece like *Concerto in tempi*, but it's also a part of works like *In remembrance...* *In liquid...* and *Entity*. The music has some polystylistic elements, not in the form of big clashes of different styles, but more in the sense of polytonality including polytempoes, f. ex in the work *In liquid...* for accordion and piano, where the accordion in the 1st movement starts slowly together with the piano, but gradually makes a forceful accelerando toward a brilliant baroque figure in a direct collision with the piano, which keeps the slow steady music from the start.

New Simplicity is an essential part of his music, with a direct input from his teacher Hans Abrahamsen, but also evolved with the meeting with Arvo Pärt and his music. It is used to concentrate the music, finding the essence in a motive, a harmonic progression or in a structural complex created by the composer. In works like *Slow movement, Sorrow* and 4th movement of *In liquid...* for violin and piano the minimalism is transformed or rather reduced to a nearly pure transcendental form.

Mobile

A musical technique developed by Martin Lohse in 2009 where he combines the polystylistic elements with a simple repeating sequence of chords, creating a music with both baroque and romantic elements, all in different tempos but with no or very few dissonances.

Koncert

**duo for oboe/english horn and accordion
or oboe and accordion**

Arrangement of the original work *Koncert* from 2001 for clarinet, violin, cello and piano written for *Ensemble Nordlys*.

Program note

The title is quite straight forward; a short concert in 3 movements: *allegro - andante - allegro*, with a good deal of inspiration from the old baroque composer Vivaldi with a little twist, specially in the end.

Duration app. 6 min

Martin Lohse 2021

Koncert

**duo for obo/engelsk horn og akkordion
eller obo og akkordion**

Arrangement af det oprindelige værk *Koncert* fra 2001 for klarinet, violin, cello og klaver skrevet til *Ensemble Nordlys*.

Programnote

Værket har fået sin titel, fordi det i bund og grund er en koncert, en temmelig kort koncert på godt 6 minutter men dog en koncert. Den er i 3 satser: *allegro - andante - allegro*, med en god del inspiration fra Vivaldi, med små tvist særligt i den sidste sats.

Varighed ca. 6 min.

Martin Lohse, 2021

Koncert

for oboe and accordion

1. movement

Allegro

♩ = 104

Martin Lohse 2001/2021

Musical score for Oboe and Accordion, measures 1-2. The Oboe part (top staff) begins with a rest followed by a series of eighth notes with slurs, marked *f*. The Accordion part (bottom staves) features a rhythmic accompaniment of eighth notes in both hands, marked *f* and with a first fingering (1) indicated above the right hand.

Musical score for Oboe and Accordion, measures 3-5. The Oboe part (top staff) continues with eighth notes and slurs, marked *f*. The Accordion part (bottom staves) maintains the eighth-note accompaniment, marked *f* and with a first fingering (1) indicated above the right hand.

Musical score for Oboe and Accordion, measures 6-9. The Oboe part (top staff) transitions to a more melodic line with slurs, marked *p*. A box labeled 'A' is placed above the staff at measure 8. The Accordion part (bottom staves) continues with the eighth-note accompaniment, marked *p*.

Musical score for Oboe and Accordion, measures 10-12. The Oboe part (top staff) features a melodic line with slurs and triplets, marked *p*. The Accordion part (bottom staves) continues with the eighth-note accompaniment, marked *p* and with triplets indicated below the right hand.

1) The right and left hand of the accordion should have their own sound with a 'robust' sound in the left hand

13

Ob.

Acc.

poco rit. **B** A tempo

16

Ob.

Acc.

19

Ob.

Acc.

22

Ob.

Acc.

C

25

Ob.

Acc.

D 29 **E**

Ob.

Acc. *ppp* *pp*

36

Ob.

Acc. *pp*

F poco allargando

41

Ob.

Acc. *pp* *pp*

47

Ob.

Acc.

51 poco ritardando per Eng. Hn. *pp*

Ob.

Acc.

attacca

Detailed description: This is a musical score for Oboe (Ob.) and Accordion (Acc.). The score is divided into six systems. The first system (measures 29-35) features a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature. The Oboe part has a dynamic marking of *pp* and a fermata over measures 33-35. The Accordion part has a dynamic marking of *ppp*. The second system (measures 36-40) continues the piece with *pp* dynamics for both instruments. The third system (measures 41-46) is marked 'poco allargando' and features a key signature change to one flat (F) and a common time signature. The Oboe part has a dynamic marking of *pp*. The fourth system (measures 47-50) continues in the new key signature and time signature. The fifth system (measures 51-54) is marked 'poco ritardando' and features a key signature change to two flats (Bb) and a 3/4 time signature. The Oboe part has a dynamic marking of *pp* and a 'per Eng. Hn.' instruction. The sixth system (measures 55-58) concludes the piece with a double bar line and the instruction 'attacca'.

2. movement

8 **Largo**
English Horn¹⁾ ♩ = ca. 50-52

55

Eng. Hn. *p* *mp* *p* *mp* *p* *mf*

Acc. *p* *mp* *p* *mp* *p* *mf*

62 **H** *mp* *p* *decresc* **H** *pp* *poco ritardando* per Ob.

Acc. *mp* *p* *decresc* *pp*

3. movement

Allegro
♩ = 104
71 Oboe *poco staccato*

Ob. *p* *poco staccato*

Acc. *p* *poco staccato*

75 **I** *poco staccato* *p* *legato*

79 *poco rit.* *poco rit.*

1) If English Horn is not available, 2nd movement is played an octave higher on the oboe (one-fourth higher than notated)

83 **A tempo** **J**

Ob. *p* **A tempo** poco staccato

Acc. *pp* *p* legato

86

88

90 **K**

92

97

Ob. *poco staccato* *ppp* 3)

Acc. *poco staccato* *ppp* 2)

1) *15th*

101

Ob. *legato* *ff* *sfz* *sfz* *sfz*

Acc. *ff* *sfz* *sfz* *sfz* *sfz* *sfz* *sfz*

legato

(15)

104

Ob. *pp* *diminuendo*

Acc. *p* *diminuendo* *pp* *diminuendo*

(15) 3)

107

Ob. *ppp*

Acc. *ppp*

(15)

1) Only Eb in standard bass 2) long notes legato, inner voices; gradual transition from staccato to legato
 3) Ab may be taken in the right hand

Fine duration 6:30