

Martin Lohse

# In liquid...

for accordion and piano  
- third version -

M  
W

Martin Lohse

# In liquid...

for accordion and piano

third version

1. *Andante semplice. Allegretto. Allegro. Allegro poco vivace*
2. *Andante. Allegro. Meno allegro*
3. *Cadenza: Quasi improvvisazione. Allegro moderato*
4. *Andante cantabile e molto semplice*

Composed 2008  
Revised 2009/2011

**Martin Lohse**

**In liquid...**

accordion and piano

third version

composed in 2008

revised 2009/2011

**Parts**

contact composer

[contact@martinlohse.com](mailto:contact@martinlohse.com)

1st. edition

1st. print

Published 2018

by

Mirror Music

Vodroffsvej 22, 2.th

DK-1900 Frederiksberg C

Denmark

[contact@mirror-music.com](mailto:contact@mirror-music.com)

[www.mirror-music.com](http://www.mirror-music.com)

Mirror Music 1-32-18053

ISBN 979-0-706798-69-1

# Preface

## Short biography

Martin Lohse began his education at the Musical Science Institute in Copenhagen (1990–92). In 1995 he was admitted to the Royal Danish Academy of Music, Copenhagen, where he studied composition and music theory as a pupil of Hans Abrahamsen and Niels Rosing-Schow. In 2000 he started a postgraduate course in composition and in 2004 he had his debut from the Royal Academy of Music.

In 2003, he received the 3-year Grant from The Danish Arts Foundation. Besides composing acoustic and electro acoustic music, he does abstract paintings – usually with a clash of disintegration and pure and clear colours.

## Music

In my music, I try to encircle small musical moments and atmospheres, which can timeless progress and unfold. The collocation and collision of a “pure” and clear music with a disintegrated and multi-layered music is one of the main characteristic of my music. In the heart, the music often emanate a harmonic and melodic reminiscence of past experiences in glints or longer periods which combined with a floating sensation (accelerando, decelerando etc.) creates a music with the organic form as one of its main foundations.

— Martin Lohse: [www.martinlohse.com](http://www.martinlohse.com)

Romantic and, to some extent, Baroque music are key elements in the music of Martin Lohse. *Smoke, Koncert, 8 Momenti Mobile...* and *In remembrance...* all have a reminiscence of the romantic style: Small motives and longer themes within a gliding tonality, mixed with a floating sensation of times, sometimes with long and continues accelerandos or decelerandos and at other times with tempos slowly departing from each other. The Baroque style is clear in a piece like *Concerto in tempi*, but it's also a part of works like *In remembrance... In liquid...* and *Entity*. The music has some polystylist elements, not in the form of big clashes of different styles, but more in the sense of polytonality including polytempoes, f. ex in the work *In liquid...* for accordion and piano, where the accordion in the 1<sup>st</sup> movement starts slowly together with the piano, but gradually makes a forceful accelerando toward a brilliant baroque figure in a direct collision with the piano, which keeps the slow steady music from the start.

New Simplicity is an essential part of his music, with a direct input from his teacher Hans Abrahamsen, but also evolved with the meeting with Arvo Pärt and his music. It is used to concentrate the music, finding the essence in a motive, a harmonic progression or in a structural complex created by the composer. In works like *Slow movement, Sorrow* and 4<sup>th</sup> movement of *In liquid...* for violin and piano the minimalism is transformed or rather reduced to a nearly pure transcendental form.

### Mobile

A musical technique developed by Martin Lohse in 2009 where he combines the polystylistic elements with a simple repeating sequence of chords, creating a music with both baroque and romantic elements, all in different tempos but with no or very few dissonances.

**In liquid...**  
**for accordion and piano**  
**third version**

1. *Andante semplice. Allegretto. Allegro. Vivace*
2. *Andante. Allegro. Meno allegro*
3. *Cadenza: quasi improvvisazione. Allegro moderato*
4. *Andante cantabile e molto semplice*

The work is in three version:

1. *First version* (2008)  
Recomposition of the chamber work *In Liquid...* for violin and piano, with a new 4. movement.  
Duration app. 23 min.
2. *Second version* (2009)  
4. movement in a shorter version.  
Duration app. 17 min.
3. *Third version* (2011)  
Scherzo in 3. movement replaced by a cadenza.  
Duration app. 16 min.

The work has been orchestrated in two versions for accordion and symphony orchestra :

1. *Accordion concerto, first version* (2008) corresponds to *first version* (accordion and piano)
2. *Accordion concerto, second version* (2010) corresponds to *third version* (accordion and piano)

**Program note**

*In Liquid..* is dedicated to Bjarke Mogensen and David Lau Magnussen.

The title especially relate to the liquid feeling of time.

Repetitions, sequences and patterns slowly changes between each other, displacement of the tempo by accelerating step by step or freezing the tempo in a nearly statical feeling of time – maybe a feeling of long lost times, which lives on in our remembrance and is blending with our presence right now.

Martin Lohse 2011

**Programnote**

*In Liquid...* er dedikeret til Bjarke Mogensen og David Lau Magnussen.

Titlen betyder: "I flydende...", og henviser især til den flydende fornemmelse af tid: Gentagelser, sekvenser og mønstre ændres langsomt eller flettes ind og ud imellem hinanden. Tempoer forskydes; bliver hurtigere og hurtigere eller fryser fast i en nærmest statisk tidsfornemmelse – måske en fornemmelse af en svunden tid, som lever i vores erindring, og som blander sig med vores tilstedeværelse her og nu...

Martin Lohse 2011

# In Liquid...

1° tempo

Andante semplice

Martin Lohse 2008/2011

Third version

dedicated to Bjarke Mogensen and David Magnussen

♩ = 72



Accordion

Piano

*ppp* poco a poco cresc. *p*

*P cantabile*

Acc.

Pno.

poco a poco cresc. *mf*

ossia

Acc.

Pno.

**A**

10

Acc.

Pno.



11

Acc.

Pno.



12

Acc.

Pno.



**B** *accel.* **C** *Allegretto*  
♩ = 108-112

13

Acc.

dim.

dim.

p

Pno.

*poco cresc.*

*mp*



18

Acc.

*poco cresc.*

Pno.



21

Acc.

*mp*

*p*

Pno.

**D** 1)

24

Acc.

Pno.



26

Acc.

Pno.



**E**

28

♩ = ♪ Bellowsshake on ♩

Acc.

Pno.

*poco a poco cresc.*

1) The accordeon make an accelerando to the double tempo, while the piano hold a steady tempo.  
The notation bar 24-31 is meant like a relative precise grafik notation.

30

Acc.

Pno.



32

Acc.

Pno.



Acc.

Pno.

1) Like bar 24-31, except that it's the piano that makes an accelerando to the double tempo, while the accordion hold a steady tempo from bar 32-39.

37 **G**

Acc. *mf* *cresc.*

Pno. *f* *cresc.*



Bellowshake on *ff* *cresc.* *accel.* *repeat 1)*

Acc. *ff* *cresc.* *accel.* *repeat 1)*

Pno. *poco rit.*



42 **H**  $\text{♩} = 120$

Acc. *fff* *subP*

Pno. *fff* *subP* *legato*

1) The accordion reduce or repeat the last beat of bar 41, until the piano and accordion meets on the first beat in bar 42.

45 **poco accel.**

Acc. *cresc.*

Pno. *cresc.*



48

Acc.

Pno.



50 **Più allegro**

$\text{♩} = 128$

Acc. **f** **I accel.** *sub p*

Pno. **f** *sub pp poco staccato*

Vivace  
♩ = 136 poco rit.

53

Acc.

poco cresc.

mp

p

Pno.

poco cresc.

mp



**J** A tempo  
♩ = 128

57

Acc.

p

pp

Pno.

p



60

Acc.

Pno.



72 **rit.** **L**

Acc.

Pno.

*p cantabile*



74 **molto rit.**

Acc.

Pno.

*pp*





11

sim.

Acc.

sim.

sim.

*poco a poco intensivo*

1) *mf* *sim.* 17:16

Pno.

sim.



13

Acc.

Pno.

1) The Ab in the RH slowly approach the G in the LH in 2 bars.

**B**

14

Acc.

Pno.



15

Acc.

Pno.

*poco a poco cresc.*

17

Acc.

Pno.



18

Acc.

Pno.

**C**

*cresc.*

19

Acc.

Pno.



20

Acc.

Pno.

*f*

**D**

21

Acc.

Pno.

*molto cresc.*

*sub p*

Ped. ^ Ped. ^ Ped. ^ Ped. ^



22

Acc.

Pno.

Ped. ^ Ped. ^ Ped. ^ Ped. ^



**F**

**Meno allegro**

$\text{♩} = 72$

27

Acc.

Pno.



29

Acc.

Pno.

*mf*

*gliss.*

3

3

5

6

5



31

Acc.

Pno.

**G**

*gliss.*

9

16

9

16

9

16

Red.

\* Red.

\*



**H** rit..

33

Acc.

Pno.

*pp*

\* Ped.



$\text{♩} = 48$

**molto rit.**

a  $\text{♩} = \text{ca. } 48$

35

Acc.

Pno.

*ppp* 10"

*fff*

\*

# 3<sup>o</sup> tempo

## Accordeon cadenza... quasi improvvisazione

♩ = 96

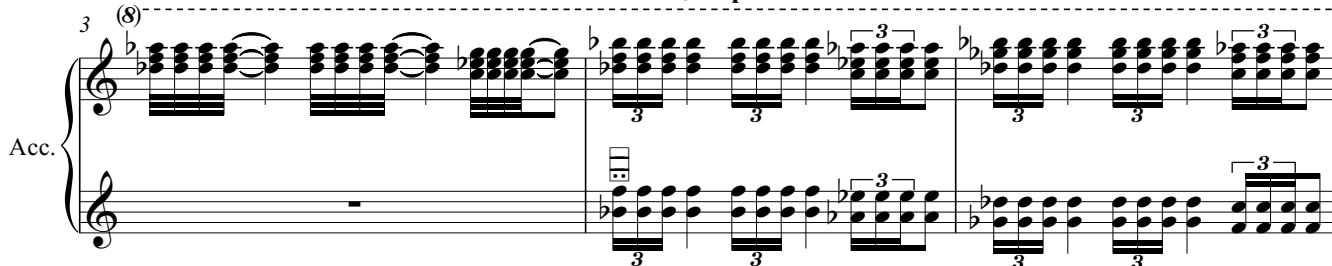
Bellowshake **poco accel.**  
(make rhythm with bellow only)

8<sup>va</sup>

Acc. 



♩ = 128 **poco accel.**

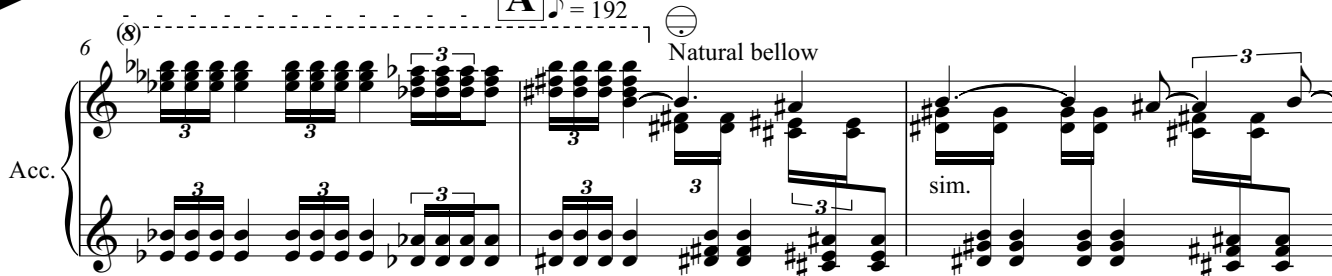
Acc. 



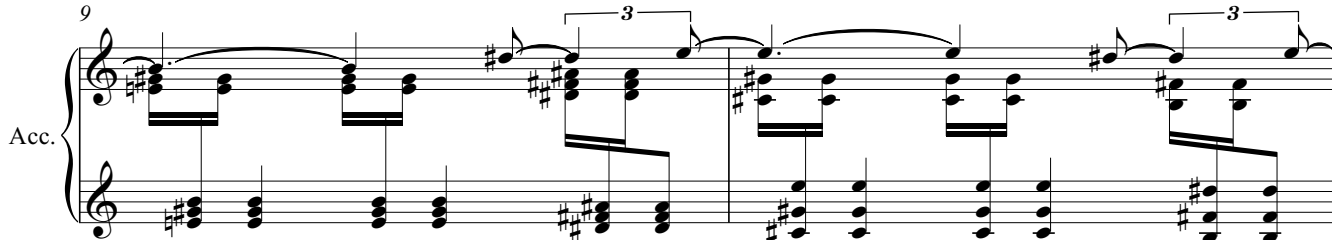
**A**

♩ = 192

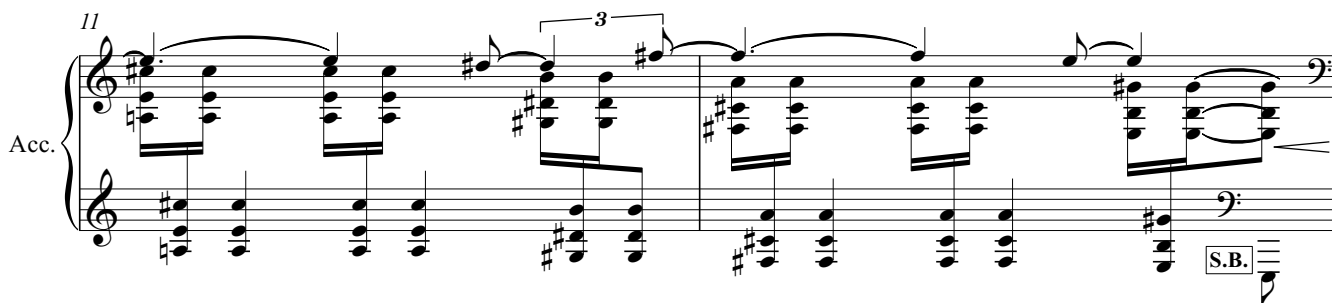
Natural bellow

Acc. 



Acc. 



Acc. 



**B** **accel.**  
**Moderato**

Acc. 

rit.

8va

15

mf m M m M m M m M m M m M m M m M

f M m M

accel.

17

mf m M m M poco a poco cresc. m M m M m M m M

S.B.

rit.

8va

19

M m m M

18+4 16

18+4 16

C

Fast Bellowshake Bellowshake Bellowshake sim.

21

ff cresc. M m M m

18+4 16

18+4 16

Bellowshake sim. Bellowshake Bellowshake

23

M m

cresc. m

12+4 16

12+4 16

Natural bellow

26

decresc. mf 3 3 3

B.B.



Andante cantabile e molto semplice

♩ = 80

1) Accordion plays tempo ♩ = 104

1

Acc. *p* *ecco from a dream*

Pno. *pp vivo*



4

Acc.

Pno. *p* *pp*



7 **A**

Acc.

Pno. *p* *pp*

1) Accordion plays in tempo ♩ = 104, 12/32 in left hand and 9/32 (3♩ + 6♩) in right hand.  
Its not imporrent that piano and accordion are exactly togethe bar 9-27.

10

Acc.

Pno.

*p*

*pp*



14

Acc.

Pno.

*pp*

*ecco from a dream*



20

**B** 1) Accordion plays tempo ♩. = 104

Acc.

Pno.

23 C

Acc.

Pno.

piano dephrase the accordeon with the #



D like small bells *mp*

30

Pno.

like a clock *p*

Ped.



34

Pno.

\*

**E**

40

Acc. *p vivo*

**F**

49

Acc.

**G**

58

Acc.

67

Acc.



**H**

76

Acc.

Pno.

*mp*  
like small bells

*p*  
like a clock

*Ped.*

**I**

83

Acc.

Pno.

*diminuendo*

\*

91

Acc.

**J** Andante cantabile  
poco sostenuto

99

Acc. *ecco from a dream*  
*pp*

Pno. *like small bells mp*  
*like a clock p*  
Ped.

**K** Andante più mosso  
ma molto semplice

107

1) Accordion plays tempo ♩ = 104

15<sup>ma</sup>

Acc. *12/32*

Pno. *12/32*  
Ped.

110 (15)

Acc.

Pno.

\*

**Fine** app. 16 min.